**M. Khurrum S. Bhutta, Adnan Omar, and Xiaozhe Yang, Electronic Waste: A Growing Concern in Today‟s Economics Research International Volume 2011, Article ID 474230 ( Access on 21 November 2021 from** [**http://www.hindawi.com/journals/ecri/2011/474230/**](http://www.hindawi.com/journals/ecri/2011/474230/)**)**

**Balde, CP, Wang F, R.Huisman, J, 2015, The Global E-Waste Monitor 2014, Quantities, Flows and Resources, United Nations University UNU-IAS Institute for The Advance of Sustainability, page 4.**

According to the expert's point of view, especially research conducted by M. Khurrum S. Bhutta, Adnan Omar, and Xiaozhe which states that 19% of e-waste is recycled and 81% is disposed of on land. This shows that e-waste has accumulated on land and has the potential to pollute the environment. A study conducted by Dejo Olowu on the impact of the e-commerce movement waste as a toxic and dangerous material for developing countries stated that although e-waste is one of the many other hazardous wastes, it is necessary efforts are made to reduce the dangers of e-waste. From this it can be concluded that we must immediately make great efforts in overcoming this e-waste, both in the recycling process, and other activities in order to maintain the balance of the environmental ecosystem.